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14	UNITED STATES D	ISTRICT CO	JURT
15	NORTHERN DISTRIC	T OF CALII	FORNIA
16 17	SAN JOSE D	DIVISION	
18	Laurie Braaten, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Case No	. 22-cv-4861
19	Plaintiff,		
20	i minuir,		
21	- against -		
~~		Class Ac	ction Complaint
22	Apple Inc.,	Class Ac	ction Complaint
22 23			etion Complaint ial Demanded
	Apple Inc.,		
23	Apple Inc.,		
23 24	Apple Inc.,		
23 24 25	Apple Inc.,		
23 24 25 26	Apple Inc.,		
<ul> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> </ul>	Apple Inc.,		
<ul> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> </ul>	Apple Inc.,	Jury Tr	ial Demanded

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1	Plaintiff Laurie Braaten ("Plaintiff"), by her attorneys, alleges upon information and belief,
2	except for allegations pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based on personal knowledge:
3	FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS
4	1. Apple Inc. ("Defendant") manufactures, distributes, markets, labels, and sells the
5	Apple Watch SE smart watch ("Product") that Defendant represents to be "Swimproof":
6	
7	
8 9	Apple Watch SE
10	Starting at \$279
11	44mm or 40mm
12	Swimproof <sup>1</sup> Apple Watch SE
13	Starting at \$279
14	44mm or 40mm Swimproof <sup>1</sup>
15	2. Unfortunately for consumers, as detailed below, the Product is not Swimproof as
16	advertised.
17 18	I. THE IMPORTANCE OF WATER RESISTANCE FEATURES
19	3. Consumers have been increasingly concerned about protecting their smart watches
20	from water damage.
21	4. For example, according to reports, the number of smart watches offering resistance
22	against damage from water and other liquids has grown significantly since these devices were first
23	introduced several years ago, while non-water-resistant smart watches have declined.
24	5. Consumers demand water resistant features because there are significant repair and
25	replacement costs when a non-water-resistant smart watch is damaged or destroyed.
26	6. The costs are significant to users, who must repair or replace expensive smart
27	watches, and to the environment, when a device is discarded.
28	7.
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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1	8.	This "hidden tax" due to the inability to withstand even minimal contact and
2	immersion in	water costs American consumers over \$10 billion each year.
3	9.	Accidental damage is estimated as responsible for 95% of smart watch failures.
4	10.	Reports indicate that approximately one-third of all smart watch failures are due to
5	liquid damage	e, such as accidental and temporary contact and/or immersion in water.
6	11.	In 2016, the International Data Corporation ("IDC") found that contact with water
7	was the secor	nd largest cause of damage to smart electronic devices in the world.
8	12.	Aside from longer battery life and shatterproof screens, water resistance has become
9	a key smart w	vatch feature in demand by consumers.
10	13.	Thus, water-resistant features allow electronic companies to increase revenues by
11	obtaining a pi	rice premium and/or increased units sold.
12	14.	Defendant provides that its watches have a water resistance of WR50.
13	15.	The WR50 water resistance rating, under International Organization for
14	Standardizati	on ("ISO") standard 22810:2010, means that the Product has a water resistance to
15	withstand 50	meters/5 atmospheres/5 bars of pressure/165 feet.
16	16.	More specifically, WR50 means that it can be used for water activities, like
17	swimming, sł	nowering, etc.
18	17.	Defendant describes the Product as "swimproof" and its marketing suggests and
19	implies that the the the the the the the tensor of tensor	his means "waterproof."
20	18.	Moreover, most consumers do not distinguish between "waterproof", "swimproof"
21	or "water-res	istant."
22	19.	A product is water-resistant if it can resist the penetration of water to some degree.
23	20.	The term "waterproof" indicates that the enclosure of the device is completely
24	impervious to	o water.
25	21.	Since only hermetically sealed products may be truly waterproof, and to avoid
26	disputes and	ambiguities for watches, the term "waterproof" was replaced by the term "water-
27	resistant" in t	he ISO 2281:1990 standard.
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		CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT



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1	28. When the "+" in the lower right corner is clicked, Defendant further provides that
2	the Product is "water resistant 50 meters."
3	Works swimmingly in the water.
4	Apple Watch SE is water resistant 50
5	meters. <sup>2</sup> Dive right in and start tracking your splits and sets in the pool, or even
6	map your route in open water.
7	Works swimmingly in the water.
8	Apple Watch SE is water resistant 50 meters. <sup>2</sup>
9	Dive right in and start tracking your splits and sets in the pool, or even map your route in open water.
10	29. Viewing footnote 2 provides further information regarding the water resistance,
11	which is WR50 under ISO standard 22810:2010.
12	
13	<ol> <li>Apple Watch Series 7, Apple Watch SE, and Apple Watch Series 3 have a water resistance rating of 50 meters under ISO standard 22810:2010. This means that they may be used for shallow-water activities like swimming in a pool or ocean. However, they should not be used for scuba diving, waterskiing, or other activities involving high-velocity water</li> </ol>
14	or submersion below shallow depth. Series 7 is also rated IP6x dust resistant.
15	2. Apple Watch Series 7, Apple Watch SE, and Apple Watch Series 3 have a water resistance rating of 50 meters under ISO standard 22810:2010. This means that they may
16	be used for shallow-water activities like swimming in a pool or ocean. However, they
17	should not be used for scuba diving, waterskiing, or other activities involving high-velocity water or submersion below shallow depth. Series 7 is also rated IP6x dust resistant.
18	30. A water resistance rating of 50 meters (WR50) means that the Product will be water-
19	resistant enough to withstand shallow-water activities, such as swimming in an ocean or pool, but
20	not enough to withstand high-velocity water activities like scuba diving or waterskiing.
21	31. The Product is also advertised as able to track swimming activity and map swimming
22	routes.
23	Works swimmingly in the water.
24	Apple Watch SE is water resistant 50
25	meters. <sup>2</sup> Dive right in and start tracking
26	your splits and sets in the pool, or even
27	map your route in open water.
28	Works swimmingly in the water.
	Apple Watch SE is water resistant 50 meters. <sup>2</sup> 5
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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1	Dive right in and start tracking your splits and sets in the pool, or even map your route in open water.
2	32. Defendant further emphasizes that the Product is "swimproof," placing this
3	representation towards the top of the abbreviated Product summary.
4	Apple Watch SE
5	From \$279
6	Buy Learn more >
7	
8	44mm or 40mm
9	Swimproof <sup>2</sup>
10	III. THE PRODUCT FAILS TO MEET THE PROMISED WATER-RESISTANT,
11	SWIMPROOF ABILITIES
12	33. Despite using an image of the device in water and using marketing language like
13	"works swimmingly in the water" and "swimproof," the Product is not water-resistant as understood
14	by Plaintiff and consumers, and routinely fails in brief encounters with water.
15	A. ISO STANDARD AND TESTING
16	34. ISO standard 22810:2010 provides information on testing conditions.
17	35. Before any testing is done, the operative watch components are actuated and then
18	reset to their normal position.
19	36. Throughout the testing, which includes a condensation test, water resistance tests by
20	immersion, and a water-resistant test by air pressure, the ambient and water temperatures are held
21	equal to each other, maintained between 18 °C and 25 °C (64.4 °F and 77 °F).
22	37. The ISO Standard is not intended for smart watches, does not apply to real world use
23	conditions of smart watches, and is not understood by most consumers, including Plaintiff.
24	38. First, the ISO tests watches when they are brand new, a condition that will almost
25	never be met in the real world.
26	39. In real-world conditions, the user will not have their smart watch subjected to
27	potential water damage immediately after they open it.
28	40. In real-world conditions, the Product will not be immersed in purified, fresh water.
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	6 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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41. 1 Over time, a smart watch will come into contact with bodily oils, cosmetics, suntan lotions, and water, which all contain corrosive agents. 2 42. This causes gradual corrosion and wearing out of parts, seals, conformal coatings, 3 foams, and adhesives, causing the permeability of the device to degrade over time. 4 5 43. Second, the Product's water protection barriers, such as coatings, glues, gaskets, meshes, and membranes are porous, and only "deter" water from entering. 6 7 44. These barriers degrade and fail, especially when the Product is subjected to various 8 temperatures, pressures, and mechanical force conditions. 9 45. Water entering the smart watch may still contact the junction of some wires, causing 10 new circuit paths, resulting in leakage currents or short circuits. 11 46. Third, the general testing conditions for the ISO's tests are within temperatures from 18 °C and 25 °C (64.4 °F and 77 °F). 12

47. However, the temperature in pools, sinks, and bathtubs typically exceeds the
suggested temperature range under the ISO Standard, which impacts the efficacy of the Product's
physical sealing.

16 48. In real-world usage, consumers expect water-resistance translates to the device being
17 moisture proof, i.e., carried inside a backpack or purse, used to play music in a hot shower, and
18 moved rapidly between a cold indoor office to a hot and humid environment without sustaining
19 damage.

49. Fourth, the ISO Standard does not specify whether a sample is energized when tested,
yet whether a smart watch is on when submerged will affect its ability to resist water.

50. If the smart watch is on and running various programs, the internal temperature and
pressure will be elevated, and the electrical bias can accelerate electromigration.

24 51. These factors may affect the depth and duration of water contact the smart watch can
25 withstand.

26 52. Fifth, the acceptance criteria for the water resistance tests are vague, requiring only
27 that water entering a device not affect its normal operation or impair its safety.

28

53. For example, one lab may rate a smart watch as "water-resistant" as long as a short

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1 circuit does not occur, and yet accept the fact that there was a reduction of acoustic performance.

54. When consumers buy a smart watch billed as water-resistant, they expect it will be 2 3 reliable in most situations that involve water, including but not limited to washing dishes, exercising, and various forms of accidental "dunks" in a sink, toilet, or pool. 4

55. 5 Despite consumers expectations to the contrary based upon Defendant's marketing, an Apple Support article on Defendant's website notes that the Products may not, in fact, be water-6 resistant: 7

8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Showering with Apple Watch Series 2 and newer is ok, but we recommend not exposing Apple Watch to soaps, shampoos, conditioners, lotions, and perfumes as they can negatively affect water seals and acoustic membranes. Apple Watch should be cleaned with fresh water and dried with a lint free-cloth if it comes in contact with anything other than fresh water.	owering with Apple Watch Series 2 and wer is ok, but we recommend not exposing pple Watch to soaps, shampoos, conditioners, ions, and perfumes as they can negatively ect water seals and acoustic membranes. pple Watch should be cleaned with fresh water d dried with a lint free-cloth if it comes in ntact with anything other than fresh water.
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Water resistance isn't a permanent condition and may diminish over time. Apple Watch can't be rechecked or resealed for water resistance. The following may affect the water resistance of your Apple Watch and should be avoided:</li> <li>Dropping Apple Watch or subjecting it to other impacts.</li> <li>Exposing Apple Watch to soap or soapy water (for example, while showering or bathing).</li> <li>Exposing Apple Watch to perfume, solvents, detergent, acids or acidic foods, insect repellent, lotions, sunscreen, oil, or hair dye.</li> <li>Exposing Apple Watch to high-velocity water (for example, while water skiing).</li> <li>Wearing Apple Watch in the sauna or steam room.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Water resistance isn't a permanent condition and may diminish over time. Apple Watch can't be rechecked or resealed for water resistance. The following may affect the water resistance of your Apple Watch and should be avoided:</li> <li>Dropping Apple Watch or subjecting it to other impacts.</li> <li>Exposing Apple Watch to soap or soapy water (for example, while showering or bathing).</li> <li>Exposing Apple Watch to perfume, solvents, detergent, acids or acidic foods, insect repellent, lotions, sunscreen, oil, or hair dye.</li> <li>Exposing Apple Watch to high-velocity water (for example, while water skiing).</li> <li>Wearing Apple Watch in the sauna or steam room.</li> </ul>
27 28	56. Plus, not all Product bands are water	resistant, such as those made of stainless steel

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1 and leather.

2

3

4

Not all bands are appropriate for water use. For example, the stainless steel and leather bands aren't water resistant and shouldn't be exposed to liquids. Not all bands are appropriate for water use. For example, the stainless steel and leather bands aren't water resistant and shouldn't be exposed to liquids.

5 57. However, such statements are inconsistent with the Product's water
6 resistance/swimproof marketing campaigns, which state it is water resistant 50 meters and depict
7 the Product being splashed in water.

8 58. Moreover, Plaintiff and the Class Members are not presented with these statements,
9 and are not otherwise told this information, prior to purchasing the Product, but rather only learn
10 this information after it begins malfunctioning, or ceases to function entirely, as a result of liquid
11 damage.

12 59. A study supported by the National Key Research and Development Program of China
13 and the Center for Advanced Life Cycle Engineering, University of Maryland at College Park,
14 concluded that manufacturers, such as Defendant, regularly make false and deceptive
15 representations with respect to the water-resistant properties of their devices.

16

28

#### B. THE PRODUCT IS NOT WATER-RESISTANT AS ADVERTISED

17 60. A water resistance of 50 meters signifies that the Product's enclosure is water
18 resistant at 50 meters/5 atmospheres/5 bars of pressure/165 feet.

19 61. However, the Product suffers frequent damage after being dropped into, or contacted
20 with, water or other liquids, for a few minutes or even seconds.

21 62. However, Defendant refuses to repair or replace liquid-damaged Products under its
22 warranty.

23 63. Defendant's representations regarding the water resistance capabilities of the Product
24 are false because it does not perform as advertised under normal, real-world conditions and use.

64. The commercials, presentations, and website statements are only a few examples of
the advertisements Defendant created and distributed representing that the Product will not sustain
damage if submerged in, or contacted with, water, or other common liquids.

65. Upon information and belief, Defendant has created internal indicators to detect

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whether the Product has been exposed to liquids, in order to deny customers their warranty repair
 and replacement requests.

3 66. Defendant's policy is to deny warranty repair and/or replacement when this indicator
4 is activated.

5 67. This means buyers are told one thing when they buy the Product, based on the
6 representations, but something else when they need after-sales service or replacement.

68. Purchasers are typically told that the price of repair exceeds the price at which they
purchased the Product new.

9 69. Plaintiff and other reasonable consumers purchased the Product believing its water10 resistant capabilities were accurately represented.

70. Plaintiff and other reasonable consumers either (1) would not have purchased the
Product if they had known about the misrepresentations and omissions, (2) would have purchased
it on different terms, i.e., at a lower price, (3) purchased a different smart watch, (4) not purchased
it at all, or (5) purchased it with diminished expectations about its water-resistant abilities.

15 71. Plaintiff and Class Members reasonably relied to their detriment on Defendant's
16 misleading representations and omissions.

17 72. Defendant's false, misleading, and deceptive misrepresentations and omissions are
18 likely to continue to deceive and mislead reasonable consumers and the general public, as they have
19 already deceived and misled the Plaintiff and Class Members.

20 73. In making the false, misleading, and deceptive representations and omissions,
21 Defendant knew and intended that Plaintiff and Class Members would pay a premium for products
22 represented as water resistant over comparable products not so marketed.

23 74. Plaintiff and Class Members were deprived of the benefit of the bargain because they
24 paid for a Product that was water resistant but received a Product that was not water resistant.

25 75. As an immediate, direct, and proximate result of Defendant's false, misleading, and
26 deceptive representations and omissions, Defendant injured Plaintiff and Class Members.

27 76. The product Plaintiff and the Class Members received was worth less than the
28 Product for which they paid.

#### 10

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1	77.	Based on Defendant's misleading and deceptive representations, Defendant was able
2	to, and did, c	harge a premium price for the Product over the cost of competitive products that are
3	not represent	ed as water resistant.
4	78.	Consequently, Plaintiff and the Class Members suffered injury-in-fact and lost
5	money as a re	esult of Defendant's wrongful conduct.
6		INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT
7	70	
8	79.	Pursuant to Civil L.R. 3-2(c) and (e) ("Assignment to a Division" and "San Jose"),
9		nould be assigned to the San Jose Division.
10	80.	This assignment is because this action arises in this District and within the San Jose
11	Division, in S	Santa Clara County.
12		PARTIES
13	81.	Plaintiff is a citizen of Texas, residing in Houston, Harris County.
14	82.	During the Class Period, Plaintiff purchased the Apple Watch SE from Apple.com
15	for no less th	an \$279.00.
16	83.	Plaintiff viewed and relied upon Defendant's representations that the Product was
17	swimproof a	nd water resistant as described herein prior to her purchase and believed it could be
18	used while sv	vimming or going into a pool.
19	84.	In or around January 2022, one of Plaintiff's six rescue dogs jumped into the shallow
20	section of a p	ool, not deeper than three feet.
21	85.	Though Plaintiff was wearing her Apple Watch, she immediately jumped in that
22	shallow section	on to help her dog.
23	86.	Plaintiff's use of the device was consistent with its operating instructions and the
24	representation	ns regarding its expected water-resistant capabilities.
25	87.	Shortly after this incident, the Product became unstable and began to glitch and
26	malfunction.	
27	88.	Since that time, the Product's effectiveness as a reliable device has been diminished.
28	89.	Based on Plaintiff's experience and knowledge, and Counsel's investigation, it is a
		11
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known issue that a significant percentage of Apple Watches exposed to small amounts of water, in
 the manner experienced by Plaintiff, results in the watch becoming damaged and its functionality
 becoming diminished due to faulty sealing.

4 90. Defendant is a California corporation with its principal place of business in
5 Cupertino, Santa Clara County, California.

6

91. Defendant is a global leader in the manufacture and sale of consumer electronics.

7

8

92. Defendant's products include smart phones, computers, tablets, and smart watches.

93. Consumers trust Defendant to truthfully represent the capabilities of their products.

9 94. Apple is considered the "gold standard" for personal consumer electronics, which is
10 why its devices, including its Apple Watches, cost more than smart watches sold by competitors.

Defendant manufactures, markets, sells Apple Watches directly to consumers across
the country from its brick-and-mortar Apple stores, from Apple.com, and through third-party
physical stores and online.

14 96. Plaintiff would be willing to purchase the Product again if assured it possessed the
15 water-resistant capabilities it was advertised as having.

16 97. Plaintiff is unable to rely not only on the representations of Apple Watches, but other
17 similar smart watches touted as being resistant to water, even though she would like to.

18

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

19 98. Jurisdiction is proper pursuant to Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA"). 28
20 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(A).

21 99. This Court has subject-matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d) ("Class
22 Action Fairness Act" or "CAFA").

23 100. The proposed class has at least 100 members, because the Product has been widely
24 sold within this State for several years.

101. Plaintiff is a citizen of a State different from Defendant.

26 102. Plaintiff alleges the amount-in-controversy of the claims of the proposed Class
27 exceed \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

28

25

103. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(d) because Defendant's

#### 12

1	principal place of business is in Santa Clara County and it is considered to reside within this District
2	and has its most significant contacts within this District.

3 104. Substantial acts in furtherance of the alleged improper conduct, including the
4 dissemination of false and misleading information regarding the nature, quality, features and/or
5 attributes of the Product originated within this District at Defendant's headquarters.

6 105. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because it conducts and transacts
7 business, contracts to supply and supplies goods within California.

### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

10 106. Plaintiff brings this proposed class action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. Rule 23, and seeks to represent the class ("Class") defined below:

All residents of the United States who purchased the Product at any time from August 25, 2018 to time of judgment in the United States for personal or household use.

14 107. Excluded from the Class are: (a) Defendant, Defendant's board members, executive
 15 -level officers, and attorneys, and immediately family members of any of the foregoing persons; (b)
 16 governmental entities; (c) the Court, the Court's immediate family, and the Court staff; and (d) any
 17 person that timely and properly excludes himself or herself from the Class in accordance with Court 18 approved procedures.

19 108. Excluded from the Class are Defendant, its parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, officers,
 20 and directors, those who purchased the Products for resale, all persons who make a timely election
 21 to be excluded from the Class, the judge to whom the case is assigned and any immediate family
 22 members thereof, and those who assert claims for personal injury.

23 109. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all Class Members is
24 impracticable.

110. Defendant sold the Product to no less than tens of thousands persons.

26 27

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## 13

## CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

The Class consists of thousands of persons, and joinder is impracticable.

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1	112. Common questions of law or fact predominate and include whether Defendant'	s
2	representations and omissions were and are misleading and if Plaintiff and Class Members ar	e
3	entitled to injunctive relief and damages.	
4	113. Plaintiff's claims and her basis for relief are typical to other members because al	1
5	were subjected to the same unfair and deceptive representations and omissions with respect to the	e
6	Product's water-resistance capabilities.	
7	114. Plaintiff sustained damages from Defendant's wrongful conduct, of the precise type	e
8	Defendant promised she would not.	
9	115. Class Members experienced similar types of damage to what Defendant promised	1
10	the Product would withstand.	
11	116. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class and has retained	1
12	counsel that is experienced in litigating complex class actions.	
13	117. Plaintiff has no interests which conflict with those of the Class.	
14	118. No individual inquiry is necessary since the focus is only on Defendant's practice	s
15	and the class is definable and ascertainable.	
16	119. Plaintiff anticipates this Court can direct notice to Class Members, by publication in	1
17	major media outlets and the Internet.	
18	120. A class action is superior to other available methods for adjudication of thi	5
19	controversy, since individual actions would risk inconsistent results, be repetitive and ar	э
20	impractical to justify, as the claims are modest relative to the scope of the harm.	
21	121. The prerequisites to maintaining a class action for equitable relief are met a	s
22	Defendant has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making	3
23	appropriate equitable relief with respect to the Class as a whole.	
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	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT	

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1 2	<u>FIRST CLAIM</u> Breach of Express Warranty (On Behalf of the Class)
3	122. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs.
4	
5	
6	swimproof capabilities.
7	124. Plaintiff and Class Members relied on these representations when purchasing the
8	Product.
9	125. All conditions precedent to Defendant's liability under the contract, including notice,
10	have been performed by Plaintiff and Class Members.
11	126. Defendant has breached the terms of its express warranties by failing to provide the
12	Product as warranted.
13	127. Plaintiff and Class Members used the Product in a manner consistent with its
14	operating instructions and Defendant's representations.
15	128. Plaintiff and Class Members performed their duties under the express warranties or
16	have been excused from such performance as a result of Defendant's conduct.
17	129. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breaches of express warranty,
18	Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered economic damages, including costly repairs, loss of use,
19	replacement costs, substantial loss in value and resale value of the Product.
20	SECOND CLAIM
21	Violation of the Magnusson-Moss Warranty Act,
22	15 U.S.C. §§ 2301 <i>et seq.</i> ("MMWA") (On Behalf of the California Class)
23	130. The Products share common defects in that they are unable to provide water resistant
24	and swimproof capabilities consistent with Defendant's representations.
25	131. Defendant marketed the Product as being water-resistant and swimproof and offered
26	certifications attesting to this fact.
27	132. Defendant was aware of the defects described in this Complaint, from Plaintiff and/or
28	other sources.
	15
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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1	133. However, the cost of this defect was borne by Plaintiff and Class Members.
2	THIRD CLAIM
3	Breach of Implied Warranty of Merchantability and Fitness for a Particular Purpose
4	(On Behalf of Class)
5	134. Defendant engaged in a focused marketing campaign to consumers concerned about
6	water damaging their smart watches and has reason to know that Plaintiff and Class Members
7	purchased the Product for a particular purpose, e.g., to be used in and around water and during water
8	activities.
9	135. Plaintiff and Class Members relied on Defendant's skill or judgment to furnish
10	devices that accomplished that purpose.
11	136. Defendant breached the implied warranty of fitness because the Product was
12	incapable of satisfying that purpose, due to its defects alleged above.
13	137. As a direct and proximate result of the breach of said warranties, Plaintiff and Class
14	Members were injured in the amount they overpaid for the Product, and would not have purchased
15	it or would have paid less had they known the truth.
16	FOURTH CLAIM
17 18	Violation of Unfair Competition Law Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 et seq. (On Behalf of the Class)
19	
20	138. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs.
21	139. Defendant's conduct constitutes an unfair business act and practice pursuant to
22	California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. (the "UCL"). The UCL provides, in
23	pertinent part: "Unfair competition shall mean and include unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business
24	practices and unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising"
	140. Defendant's knowing conduct, as alleged herein, constitutes an "unfair" and/or
25 26	"fraudulent" business practice, as set forth in California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200-
26	17208.
27	141. Defendant's conduct was and continues to be unfair and fraudulent because, directly
28	or through its agents and employees, Defendant made materially false representations and
	16 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

1	• •
1	omissions.

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142. Defendant made representations that the Product was water resistant when it was not.

3 143. Defendant is aware that its representations and omissions about the Product were and
4 continue to be false and misleading.

5 144. Defendant had an improper motive, to derive financial gain at the expense of
6 accuracy or truthfulness, in its practices related to the marketing and advertising of the Product.

7 145. Defendant's misrepresentations of material facts also constitute an "unlawful"
8 practice because they violate the laws and regulations cited herein, as well as the common law.

9 146. Defendant's conduct was, and continues to be, unfair in that its injury to countless
10 purchasers of the Product is substantial and not outweighed by any countervailing benefits to
11 consumers or to competitors.

12 147. Plaintiff and Class Members have been directly and proximately injured by
13 Defendant's conduct in ways including, but not limited to, the monies paid to Defendant for the
14 Product, interest lost on those monies, and consumers' unwitting support of a business enterprise
15 that promotes deception to the detriment of consumers.

# 16 <u>FIFTH CLAIM</u> 17 Violations of the False Advertising Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500 et seq. (On Behalf of the Class)

19

148. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs.

misrepresenting that the Product had water resistant capabilities.

20 149. California's False Advertising Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500, et seq., makes 21 it "unlawful for any person to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated before the 22 public in this state, ... in any advertising device ... or in any other manner or means whatever, 23 including over the Internet, any statement, concerning ... personal property or services, professional 24 or otherwise, or performance or disposition thereof, which is untrue or misleading and which is 25 known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading." 26 150. Defendant committed acts of false advertising, as defined by §§ 17500, et seq., by 27

28

151. Defendant knew or should have known through the exercise of reasonable care that

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1	these representations and other misrepresentations for the Product were false, misleading and/or	
2	deceptive.	
3	152. Defendant's actions in violation of § 17500 were false and misleading such that the	
4	general public is and was likely to be deceived.	
5	153. Consumers, including Plaintiff and members of the Class, necessarily and reasonably	
6	relied on Defendant's statements regarding the capabilities of its Product.	
7	154. Consumers, including Plaintiffs and members of the Class, were among the intended	
8	targets of such representations.	
9	155. As a result of Defendant's conduct, Plaintiffs and members of the Class were harmed	
10	and suffered actual damages as a result of Defendant's FAL violations because	
11	a. they would not have purchased the Product on the same terms if they	
12	knew that the Product did not offer water resistant capabilities as	
13	represented;	
14		
15	b. they paid a price premium for the Product based on Defendant's	
16	misrepresentations; and	
17		
18	c. the Product does not have the characteristics, attributes, features, uses,	
19	benefits, or abilities as promised, namely the represented water-resistant	
20	capabilities.	
21	156. Plaintiffs and members of the Class have been damaged in the full amount of the	
22	purchase price of the Product or in the difference in value between the Product as warranted and the	
23	Product as actually sold	
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28		
	18 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT	

1 SIXTH CLAIM Violations of the Consumer Legal Remedies Act, 2 Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1750 et seq. (On Behalf of the Class) 3 (Injunctive Relief Only) 4 157. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs. 5 158. Defendant's representations and omissions concerning the quality, attributes, 6 features, benefits, and effectiveness of the Product were false and/or misleading as alleged herein. 7 159. Defendant's false or misleading representations and omissions were such that a 8 reasonable consumer would attach importance to them in deciding to purchase the Product. 9 160. Defendant's false and misleading representations and omissions were made to 10 Plaintiff and Class Members, as they were prominently displayed and featured throughout the 11 advertising and marketing of the Product, in digital, print, and television media. 12 161. Defendant knew or should have known its representations and omissions were 13 material and were likely to mislead consumers, including Plaintiff and the Class. 14 162. Defendant's practices, acts, and course of conduct in marketing and selling the 15 Product were and are likely to mislead a reasonable consumer acting reasonably under the 16 circumstances to their detriment. 17 Defendant's misrepresentations and omissions were designed to, and did, induce the 163. 18 purchase and use of the Product for personal, family, or household purposes by Plaintiff and Class 19 Members, and violated and continue to violate the following sections of the CLRA: 20 21 a. In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(5), Defendant represented that the Product had characteristics, attributes, features, capabilities, uses, 22 benefits, and qualities it does not have; 23 b. In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(7), Defendant represented that the Product was of a particular standard, quality, or grade, which it is not; 24 c. In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(9), Defendant advertised the Product 25 with an intent not to sell the Product as advertised; and 26 d. In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(16), Defendant represented the 27 Product had been supplied in accordance with its previous representations, when it was not. 28 19

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1	164. Defendant profited from the sale of the falsely, deceptively, and unlawfully		
2	advertised Product to unwary consumers.		
3	165. Defendant's wrongful business practices constituted, and constitute, a continuing		
4	course of conduct in violation of the CLRA.		
5	166. Defendant's wrongful business practices were a direct and proximate cause of actual		
6	harm to Plaintiff and to each Class Member.		
7	167. If Defendant is not restrained from engaging in these types of practices in the future,		
8	Plaintiff and class members will continue to suffer harm.		
9	168. At this time, Plaintiff only seeks injunctive relief pursuant to the CLRA. Pursuant to		
10	the provisions of Cal. Civ. Code § 1782(a), Plaintiff will send a CLRA Notice to Defendant		
11	concurrently with the filing of this action or shortly thereafter, which details and includes these		
12	violations of the CLRA, demand correction of these violations, and provide the opportunity to		
13	correct these business practices, prior to seeking monetary damages under the CLRA. If Defendant		
14	does not correct its conduct with thirty days of receipt of the Notice, Plaintiff will amend to add a		
15	damages claim pursuant to the CLRA.		
16			
17	JURY DEMAND AND PRAYER FOR RELIEF		
18	Plaintiff demands a jury trial on all causes of action so triable.		
19	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of herself and Members of the Proposed Class, prays for		
20			
21	A. Certification of the Class, certifying Plaintiff as representative of the Class, and		
22	designating Plaintiff's counsel as counsel for the Class;		
23	B. A declaration that Defendant has committed the violations alleged herein;		
24	C. For restitution, disgorgement, and monetary damages pursuant to, without limitation,		
25	the California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. and 17500 et seq.;		
26	D. For declaratory and injunctive relief pursuant to, without limitation, the California		
27	Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. and 17500, et seq. and California		
28	Civil Code § 1780;		
	20		
	20		

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1	E.	For interest at the legal rate on the foregoing sums;		
2	F.	For attorneys' fees;		
3	G.	For costs of suit incurred; and		
4	Н.	For such further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.		
5				
6	Dated: A	August 25, 2022 Respectfully submitted,		
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		21 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT		